# **Pupil premium strategy statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2023 to 2024 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Peareswood Primary School
Number of pupils in school	430
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	56%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021/22 – 2024/25
Date this statement was published	September 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2024
Statement authorised by	Julie Carson
Pupil premium lead	Carla Ferla
Trustee lead	Nav Sanghara

## **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£258,400
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£0
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£258,400
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all subject areas. The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress through challenge for those who are already high attainers.

We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers.

High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Implicit in the intended outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.

Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery, notably in its targeted support through intervention teachers for pupils whose education has been worst affected, including non-disadvantaged pupils.

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they are set, and adaptations are made to support with this
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve

### **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	To ensure teaching and learning techniques are consistently used to improve pupil outcomes and tailored to the individual needs of all learners and are aligned to recommendations provided by outside professionals.

2	To ensure diagnostic assessments are used to identify gaps in learning and ensure learning provision and adaptations made are appropriate to individual needs based on these findings. AFL is used within all learning opportunities and misconceptions are addressed within lessons.
3	Ensure interventions are in place to support the underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils from Reception through to KS2.
4	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and well- being of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by pre- vious partial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These findings are supported by national studies.
	This has resulted in gaps in knowledge for our pupil premium pupils.
5	Provide additional SEMH support for groups and individual children who have been impacted by previous school closures, reduced social interactions with peers and a rise in challenges experienced at home by our children because of economic challenges. This has also been evidenced within school data with a rise in families supported through social care.
6	To improve attendance of disadvantaged pupils with last year's being slightly below pre-covid national at 91.6%. Persistent absence of disadvantaged pupils was also above pre-covid national with last year's being 32.8%. Our assessments and observations indicate that absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress.

### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved oral language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils from Reception to Year 6.	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, book scrutiny, Showbie, individual care plans and ongoing formative assessment.
Improved reading attainment among disadvantaged pupils.	KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 are at least in line with national average progress scores in Reading (0)
Improved maths attainment for disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2.	KS2 maths outcomes in 2024/25 are at least in line with national average progress scores in Maths (0)

To achieve and sustain improved wellbeing for all pupils in our	Sustained high levels of wellbeing from 2024/25 demonstrated by:	
school, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	<ul> <li>Pupil voice groups</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Pupil surveys</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Increased number of children attending extra-curricular after school clubs</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Reduced number of children supported through SEMH intervention groups</li> </ul>	
To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	Improve persistent absentees' attendance to be in line with pre-covid national (16.1%)	

# Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

### **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £ 108,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
All staff have received training to be pedagogical experts to ensure teaching and learning is consistently good across all year groups.	CPD for staff is pivotal in ensuring whole school improvement.  Delivery of CPD, linked to the EEF Effective Professional Development  Effective Professional Development   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1
Planned opportunities for staff to observe outstanding practice which includes marking and feedback and planning support.	There is strong evidence which highlights the impact on pupil progress linked to marking and feedback and planning which meets the needs of individuals through differentiation and challenge for all.  Metacognition and Self-regulated Learning   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)  Teacher Feedback to Improve Pupil Learning   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1,2, 4
Further embed a DfE validated Systematic Synthetic Phonics programme to continue to secure stronger phonics teaching for all pupils.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	1, 2, 4

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 100,400

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Staff members delivering Maths and English interventions for identified groups within year groups.	The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:  Maths guidance KS 1 and 2.pdf (publishing.service.gov.uk)  The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence:  Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and 3  EEF outline Making Best Use of Teaching Assistants for interventions.  Making Best Use of Teaching Assistants  IEEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	2,3,4
Senior leaders utilised to provide small group interventions for groups of children identified through data.	Strong evidence outlays the positive impact on pupil progress through small group provision.  Small group tuition   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1,2,3,4
Groupings in phonics within Key Stages and Year Groups ensure pupils continue to make above national expected progress in phonics	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	1,2,4

Staff use evidence- based individual and whole- class teaching interventions to improve learning outcomes.	Strong evidence outlays the positive impact on pupil progress through small group provision.  Small group tuition   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1,2,3,4
Identified small group interventions and 1:1 support for individual groups as identified within inschool data with a focus on oracy.	There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions, including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discussion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading:  Oral language interventions   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	1,2,3,4

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £50,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Group and individual SEMH interventions support the mental health of all learners and removing barriers to learning.	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour, and relationships with peers):  Improving social and emotional learning Improving Social and Emotional Learning in Primary Schools   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	2,5
Local Authority education welfare officer to support families with attendance and acute need to improve attendance.	Strong evidence highlights the impact of attendance on pupil outcomes and strategies available to schools.	2,4,5

Reduce number of	The EEF outlines interventions to	5
FTE and improve	improve behaviour through interventions	
behaviour for	and strategies.	
learning through	<u> </u>	
exploration of	Behaviour interventions   EEF	
behaviour strategies.	(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	

Total budgeted cost: £ 258,400

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023 academic year.

Our external assessments during 2022/23 suggested that the performance of disadvantaged pupils continues to be an area of focus for the school at the Expected and Greater Depth standard.

Greater Boptir staridard.	PPG – 30 pupils	NPPG – 21 pupils
Reading	pupils – 70%	pupils –95 %
Reading GDS	pupils – 23%	pupils – 48%
Writing	pupils – 70%	pupils –62 %
Writing GDS	pupils – 13%	pupils – 24%
Maths	pupils – 73%	pupils – 95%
Maths GDS	pupils -27%	pupils – 71%
Combined	pupils -67%	pupils – 95%
Combined GDS	pupils – 7%	pupils – 33%

Our assessment of the reasons for these outcomes' points primarily to previous Covid-19 impact and an increase in challenges experienced by our children at home economically and mental health of families. As evidenced in schools across the country, previous school closures were most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit from our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions, despite continuing to develop our curriculum and providing continuous professional development for our staff to develop pedagogy. Social and economic pressures also impacted our families who experienced both economic and social difficulties, in addition to previous limited outside professional involvement with children requiring intervention.

The impact was mitigated by our resolution to maintain a high-quality curriculum throughout the year and providing out of school hours additional provision for identified children. Additional funding was utilised to provide outside professional involvement to further support with both SEMH and complex needs.

Attendance in 2022/23 continued to be an area of focus for the school, and analysis of this has shown that it is predominantly linked to families who are experiencing SEMH

needs. Persistent absence of disadvantaged children was higher than non-disadvantaged children (32.8% for disadvantaged, 24.7% for non-disadvantaged), although this gap has reduced since the previous academic year.

Our assessments and observations indicated pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health continued to be impacted by previous school closures; the impact was particularly acute for disadvantaged pupils. We used pupil premium funding to provide wellbeing support for all pupils, and targeted interventions where required, including access to counselling and play therapy. We are continuing to build on a similar approach this year.

### **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider

### **Service pupil premium funding (optional)**

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	N/A
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	N/A

## **Further information (optional)**

#### **Additional activity**

- Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activity that is not being funded by pupil premium or recovery premium. That will include:
- utilising a DfE grant to train a senior mental health lead.
- offering a wide range of high-quality extracurricular activities to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance, and aspiration.

#### Planning, implementation, and evaluation

- We triangulated evidence from multiple sources of data including assessments, engagement in class book scrutiny, conversations with parents, students, and teachers in order to identify the challenges faced by disadvantaged pupils.
- We looked at a number of reports, studies, and research papers about effective use of pupil premium, the impact of disadvantage on education outcomes and how to address challenges to learning presented by socioeconomic disadvantage. We also looked at studies about the impact of the pandemic on disadvantaged pupils.